LOCAL NEWS.

Amusements, &c., To-Night. NATIONAL THEATER -The Zavistowski Sie. ters, "French Spy" and . Kenilworth. ODD FELLOWS' HALL ... "Catlin's Outlines of

North American Indians. CANTERBURY HALL.-Burke, M'lle Ronzau, Elia Zoyara, and other attractions. WALL'SOPERAHOUSE .- The Gregory's Frans-

Atlantic Combination. PROF. SMITH'S Art Gallery, 304 Pennsyiva-Dia avenue. STEREOSCOPIC EXHIBITION in the basement of St. Stephen's Church.

CARUSI'S SALOON - Complimentary Ball to the late conductors on the 7th street railroad.

The Bodies of the Conspirators

REMOVAL OF BOOTH'S REMAINS TO BALTI-MORE-DISINTERMENT OF ATZERODI. Yesterday afternoon, President Johnson directed an order to issue from the War Department to deliver the remains of John Wilkes Booth, interred at the Arsenal, to Mr. Jacob H. Weaver, undertaker of Baltimore, and the Secretary of War having issued such order, Mr. Weaver, accompanied by Mr. Richard F. Harvey, of the firm of Harvey & Marr, undertakers, immediately proceeded to the Arsenal, when Gen Ramsey gave the necessary directions, and under the superintendence of Mr. Weaver, the remains were exhumed, and placed in a wagon and started to Messra. Harvey & Marr's establishment, No. 315 F

The fatal shot which killed President Lin. coin was fired at Ford's Theater on the night of the 14th of April, 1865, and Boots, wi h Herold, immediately escaped from the city. The, were pursued and overtaken at Garrett's farm. near Port Royal, on the Rappahannock, April 25th, and on the following morning, the troops having fired the barn in which they had sought refuge, Herold was captured and Booth mortally wounded, dying about three hours afterward. About two o'clock on the morning of the 27th, the tug-boat Ida reached the Navy Yard in this city, and Herold was placed in confinement on the monitor Montank, where Booth's body was laid on a joiner's bench During the morning large numbers of persons visited the Navy Yard, anxious to get a view of the body, but none were al-lowed to go on board the monitor except such as held orders from the Secretary of the Navy. Dr. J. F May of this city was called identify the body, and did so by a scar on the neck where he had cut out a tumor. A coffin was made at the joiners shop but was no used, and in the afternoon after an examination of the wound, and one or two pieces of the back bone where the fatal shot took effect were taken out, the body was wrapped in a gray blanket, placed is a boat in which was Gen. L C. Baser and two of his detectives and carried off. Subsequently, the report gained credence that the body had been consigned to the waters of the Potomac, when the truth was that it was landed at the Arsenal wharf, then placed in a box, and between 10 and 12 o'clock on the came night buried in the wareroom of the old Pententiary, in the presence of a representative of the War Department, (who took charge of the keys of the room) and Gen. Baker and a tew officials of the post. Here it was allowed to remain unti. the removal of the Penitentiary building baving been determined on, made i necessary to change its location, and Booth's remains, as also the bodies of Mrs. Surrait, Payne, Herold, Atzerodt, and Wirz were re-moved to No. 2 warehouse in the fall of 1867 Booth's body occupied the lower end of the row-a white painted board with the name "Booth" being nailed on the top of the box,where the body remained until yesterday. Mr. Weaver came here on Friday last, with

a letter from Edwin Booth to the President, making a request for the remains, and calling on the abovenamed firm, Mr. H. went with him to the President, and Mr. the letter. President Johnson, after reading it, requested them to call yesterday, when he would give an answer. The letter was a very short one, and stated that he (Mr. B.) had every confidence in Mr. Weaver, who would place the body in his private vault until the remains could be transferred to the City Cemetery, near Baltimore, and placed beside those of their father. He also requested, in behalf of his afficted mother, the return of the trunk of he brother. Yesterday, according to promise. Mr Weaver, with Mr Harvey, waited on the Preident, and the proper order for the body was given, and as before stated, they proceeded to the Arsena, where the body was taken up and delivered to them about five o'clock Or arriving at Harvey & Marr's it was found. notwithstanding every precaution had been taken to keep the removal secret that a number of persons who surmised that something was going on, had gathered about the door, and to avoid a crowd the remains were taken to the stable of the firm, it being the very same in which Booth kept his horse, and fronting on the alley from whence he made his escape after the murder of the President. Here a common deal (unpainted) coffin was brought, and the remains were placed in it, to be taken to Bultimore. The box in which the remains were originally interred was much decayed, and on its top was found the painted board with Booth's name, and on taking off the lid the remains were found to be wrapped in two or three gray blankets, and in a fine state of preservation. The coat and vest were found to be in good condition, as also the pantaloons, except that a portion of one leg appeared to have been cut off. The cavalry boot on his left leg was in extra good condition, looking to be Learly new, and that the shoe on the right foot-a common brogan which he procured at Mudd's bouse-had a slit cut down the front, at otherwise was in good condition. In consequence of want of time there was but little examination of the remains made at the but it was observed that the bear was not connected with the bodthe vertebre, as also the small bone of the leg,

During the evening a number of persons—over a bundred-called to see the remains, but were disappointed. Yesterday afternoon the necessary order for the removal of Atzerodt was given to Mr. John C Atzeredt, his brother, and he handed the order to Mr. J. W. Plant, undertaker, No. 420 7th street. It being late when he received the order, Mr. Plant did not go the Arsenal until this morning, and the body was in a short time delivered to him and carried to his warehouse. On opening the box, which had somewhat decayed, the vial containing the name was found, and the bones were scattered about, the upper part of his skull being on one side of the box and the lower jaw on the other, while the spine was curved. Up to noon to-day it had not been decided where to bury the body, but it is likely that the reinterment will be made to-morroy at Glenwood. In the meantime Mr. Plant placed the remains in a real coffin.

were missing. It was also observed that the

hair of the deceased was in a good state of preservation, the long curly locks looking as if

they had been subjected to the barber's hands.

train last evening, and took them immediately

and to-day will place them in one of his patent

caskets covered with black cloth, and silver

mounted, and place them in his vault at Green.

mount, to await the arrival of Edwin Booth

To-day the box will be sent to Mr. Weaver.

to his establishment on West Favette stree

Mr Weaver left with the remains in the 7:3.

LANDLORDS' ASSOCIATION .- Mr. Henry Polkinborn, who has been canvassing the city for subscribers to this association, has met with much success in procuring signers, among whom are Messrs. Geo. W. Riggs, A. R. Shephard, G. H. Plant, sr., H. A. Willard, Wm. B. Todd, John Purdy, Jesse B. Wilson, and many others of "our solid men" and most respectable citizens. Judging from the standing and business capacity of its President, John Purdy, Esq., and Vice President, H. A. Willard, Esq., the affairs of the association will be conducted in a manner which will insure its success, and give satisfaction as well to the landlord as the tenant. The cost of membership, in addition to the initiation fee of 50 cents, is not less than \$3. nor more than \$12 per annum, which is so in-considerable that all landlords may join it without subjecting themselves to an onerous tax. The object of this association is not to raise the rents, or grind down the poor tenant. as some erroncously believe, but to protect the landlord from being swindled by dishonest ones, a practice which of late has become a crying evil, against which, owing to our present laws, there is but little or no protection. The working of the association will also tend to benefit and protect the honest tenant, for could our landlords have some security that they would be paid for their houses, they could afford to reduce their rents, and no doubt would gladly do so. And tenants who may be badly treated by their landlord can appeal to the assocratical for reduces, whose interest it would be Should this association be a success, as it doubtlees will, the value of real estate in our erty would be greatly enhanced. Now, howconsiderable besitancy in risking their money in bouses, since they are subjected to so much loss: and money which otherwise would go towards building up and improving our city is now finding its way into Government bonds and other securities. Where there is but little risk, and none of the annoyance, and often insuits, to which he is frequently subjected in endeavoring to collect his rent.

THE TREASURER OF THE PROVIDENT AID SOCIETY, Alex. R. Shepherd, Esq. acknowledges the following receipts since last publi-cation:—From a lady, by Mr. John R. Arri-son, \$5; from Second Colored Church, per Geo. Frizhngh, \$6.

CANTERBURY continues to attract crowds of spectators, all of whom are delighted. See the interesting programme for this evening's enter-

"CAT LIN'S OUTLINES of North American Indians' remain on exhibition for a short

CORPORATION AFFAIRS. BOARD OF ALDERMEN, February 15, 1869 -In the absence of the President, (Mr. Grinder, the Vice President (Mr. McCathran) took the chair. The Chair laid before the board several communications from the Mayor, as fol-One announcing his approval of joint reso.

of the war of 1812; and to supply the assessor-with Webb's Digest; also, act for opening, gra-ding and graveling L street south, from 2d to 7th east Ore transmitting a communication -to which the Mayor invites the attention of the Coun-cils—from Mr. C. F. Barnes, renewing his offer made in July last to perform all the duties of barbor master and assistant harbor master for the city of Washington for one year at the rate of four dollars per week, and give good bond-to faithfully perform said duty, and at any time

lutions in reference to the surviving soldiers

resign when complained of for non-performance of duty; ref-rred. One transmitting a copy of a preamble and resolutions adopted by the managers of the Industrial Home School of this city, asking a monthly appropriation for the benefit of that school, the Georgetown Councils having appropriated \$30 per month as salary of teacher of the auxiliary school in that city. The Mayor recommends the subject to the favorable consideration of the boards; referred. sideration of the boards; referred.

One transmitting a resolution adopted by the Board of Commissioners of the Fire Depart. ment, asking the appointment of a special committee to act in conjunction with a committee of that board in an investigation of the affirs of the Fire Department since the organization

of the present board, referred.

Also, laid before the Board a communication from the Alexandria, London, and Hampshire Railroad Company inviting the Boards to be present at the Conference of the Presider and Directors of said road with the civizens of Weshington and Georgetown, at the Board of Trade Rooms, on Thursday next, with the view of calling the attention of those communities to the great importance of the road to their interest, and of inviting their co-operaion in its extension westward to the coal fields, connecting at Winchester with the railreads through the valley of Virginia aiready Also, laid before the Board a communication

from the Second Ward Republican Club transmitting the resolution adopted by the Club at their meeting, held on the 11th instant, return-ing thanks to General J. S. Crocker "for the resolution in favor of equality of all men beore the law, reported and so favorably advocated by him" in the Board of Aldermen on Monday evening, the 8th inst. Mr. Moore said he would like to know what the Board proposed to do with the communication, and he proceeded to speak in opposition to the argaments of Mr Crocker as to the progress of the Air can race in civilization in Egypt, and their influence on the civilization of ancient Greece He had no objection to the Board receiving the resolutions. Mr. Fenwick had no objection to receiving the resolution, but, as he said when the speech of Mr. Crocker was made, it smacked of Nasby. Mr. Crocker retorted that the gentleman might be in the habit of borrowing his ideas, and think others did the same. Mr Fenwick said the gentleman did not know him if he made that charge against him, and it was false. The subject was then dropped. Mr. Larman presented petition of property holders on I street, praying for the repaying of said street from Connecticut avenue to 18th

street; referred. Mr. Cook presented petition of Christie Robertson, praying to have money refunded to her which she erroneously paid for taxes; referred. Mr. Larman asked leave to introduce a bill making an appropriation of \$1,260 for the Fire Department, to enable the firemen to participate in the inauguration ceremonies, and to entertain visiting firemen on that cocasion. Mr. Moore objected, saying that the Board had already rejected a similar bill. Mr. Larman said that this was not the same bill-that appropriates \$1,000, this \$1,200. The chair decided that the bill was not in order, the Board having, at the last meeting, rejected : proposition which was substantially the same Mr. Larman appealed from the decision of the ctair, and the chair was not sustained, the vote being yeas, Messrs. Fenwick, Lloyd, Moore, Morsell. and Talbert-5; nays, Messrs. Baker, Clark, Cook, Crocker, Knight, and Larman-6 The chair then said that the bill could not be received at this time, unless under a suspension of the rules. Mr. Larman then withdrew

Mr. Moore presented petition against plant ing trees inside the curb lines of sidewalks referred. Also, petition of property-holders for the grading and paving of 3d street west from Pennsylvania avenue to F street north referred. Mr. Clark presented petition of Amos Hunt for relief; referred. Mr. Baker intro duced a concurrent resolution requesting the Joint Committee to represent the interests of the corporation before Congress "to act in coninneticn with a committee of business men interested in the river front, already appointed and urge upon that honorable body the passage of an act making a liberal appropriation for the improvement of our harbor by the erection of a breakwater near Georgetown, so as to turn the whole current of the river past the city front, to dredge the channel, and to make such other improvements as may be neces.

sary; adopted.
Mr. Crocker, from Finance Committee, re ported from the majority of the committee the bill defining the duties of the Superintendent of Sewers, Carriage-ways, &c. Mr Moore said that the committee at their meeting on last Fri day night week bad unanimously decided to report against the bill. After some controversy, the bill was recommitted to the committee Also, reported from a majority of Finance Committee, a substitute for Council bill ma king an appropriation of \$2,000 from the gene ral fund for the Mayor's contingent fund, disburse as he may think proper. Mr. Moore opposed the bill, because he said it was virtu ally a proposition to increase the Mayor's salary by \$2,000. Mr. Richards said it was customary to make an appropriation for the agor's contingent fund. Mr. Moore said the Mayor had the same appropriation for this contingent fund as that officer had last year. The Courcil bill, for which this was a substitute was more open than this bill in stating that the \$2.000 was to enable the Mayor to pay carriage hire to visit the improvements in progress in the city, &c. It was virtually an increase that officers' salary, and therefore not a legal measure under the provisions of the charter Mr. Crocker said this was not a proposition f. merease of salary, but only to give the May-what all other officers of the Corporation have a contingent fund-which was not provided for him in the general appropriation bill, as usual in the case of all his predecessors. After further debate, Mr. Moore moved that the bill be indefinitely postponed; not agreed to. Yeas — Messrs. Cook, Lloyd, Moore, Morseli, and Talpert-5. Nays-Messrs, Baker, Clark, Crocker, Fenwick, Knight, Larman, McCathran, and Richards—8. Mr. Fenwick moved to amend by making the amount \$200, and stating in the bill that the object was to enable the Mayor ! pay carriage hire when ne e-sary. The amen ment was rejected-yeas 4, nays 9 Mr. Moor then moved to lay the bill on the table; which

was agreed to. Yeas—Messrs. Cook, Fenwick, Lloyd, McCathran, Moore, Morsell, and Tal-bert—7. Nays—Messrs. Baker, Clark, Crocker. Knight, Larman, and Richards-6. Council amendment to the bill increasing th salaries of the Secretaries of the two Boards to Sto per annum-that no portion of the increase shall be paid to the former secretary of the lower Foard of the 65th Council-was agreed to, and the bill passed. Mr. Crocker, from Fi nance Committee, reported adversely on bill to remit sewer tax on St. Patrick's Church property, and it was rejected. Mr. Fenwick, from Improvements Committee, reported favorably on bills-to name the square bounded by I street and Massachusetts avenue and 5th and 6th streets "Ashland Place;" to grade and gravel P street north, from the east to the west boundary of the city: to grade and pave alleys in squares 925 and 489; to curb, pave, and gut-ter on the west side of 12th street west. from Maryland avenue to Water street; appropris ting \$100 to repair 10th street east. between G and H streets north; to open and grade 25th street west, from Pennsylvania avenue to () street north; to grade and gravel F street south, from 4% street to Virginia avenue, by day's work; ell of which were passed.

Mr. Knight, from the Committee on Fire Department, reported bill making various appropriations amounting to \$3.500 for the Fire Department; passed. Also, from Police Committee, reported bill extending the act passed for relief of the scavenger of the Seventh Ward to the scavengers of the other wards-allowing 50 cents per box additional for removing night soil beyond the city limits; passed. Also, bill allowing Arthur Simmons to erect a frame structure next to his brick building; passed.

Mr. Richards, from Improvements Committee, reported a bill to open and grade 1st street east, from D street south to New Jersey avenue, by day's work; passed. [Considerable debate ensued on the clause for doing the work by day swork and the south to the control of the south to the control of the south to the control of the south to the southead to the south to the south to the south to the south to the so work, and the vote stood on striking it out— yeas—Messrs. Fenwick, Lloyd, Moore, and Morsell—4: nays—Messrs. Baker. Clark, Cook, Crocker, Knight, Larman, McCathran, Rich-ards, and Talbert—9.] Mr. Clark introduced bill to reorganize the Board of Health: referred. Adjourned

BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL.-Mr. Sardo pro tem in the chair, and all the members

A message was received from the Mayor an nouncing his approval of the act to extend the time for the assessors to meet to hear complaints and appeals, and joint resolution authorizing the Mayor to offer a reward.

Also, a communication from the Surveyor, estimating the cost of grading and graveling R street north, from 7th to Boundary streets east, at \$2,456.45; cost of bridge at the intersection of 4th and Q streets north, \$2,850, and of grading and graveling 21st street, from Pennsylvania avecue to Boundary, \$7,137.44.

Also, a communication of Lewis McKenzie, Esq., President of the Alexandria, London and Hampshire Railroad Company, inviting the Board to attend a conference the directors propose to hold with the citizens of Washington and Georgetown, with a view of calling atto their interests, and it viting their co-opera-tion in its extension westward to the coal fields, connecting at Winchester with the railroads through the valley of Virgues or in progress of construction.

Also, resolution adopted by the Second Ward Republican Club, endorsing the action of Al-dermen Crocker in sustaining the rights of the colored race. Several members objected to the reading of the resolution, as it should properly go to the Alcermen, and, on motion of Mr. Dal-

ton, it was referred to the upper Board.

The following were introduced:—By Mr.
Taylor—Petition and bill to continue the paying of I street, between Connecticut avenue and 18th street; bill for foot pavements on east side of Vermont avenue, between T and U streets; bill for foot pavements on east side of 10th street, from O to Boundary street; bill to erect gas lamps and posts on I street; bill to prevent the sale of live stock at Center Market except by the country people who raised the same; referred. By Mr. Davis—Petition of Conrad Soble; bill to grade and gravel 19th street, between P and R streets; referred. By Mr. Chase-Bill in reference to introducing the schools; referred. By Mr. Bartlett—Petition and bill for the relief of P. F. Kelly; referred. By Mr. Sardo—Resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to attend the meet-Hampshire Railroad Company: adopted, and Messrs. Hine, Chase, Brown, Bail, Miller and Sardo were appointed on the part of this Board. By Mr. Russell—Bill for footway on north side of Pennsylvania avenue between the medium of Pennsylvania avenue pennsylvania side of Pennsylvania avenue, between 12th and 13th streets east; referred. By Mr. Dalton—Bill making appropriation of \$1,200 to entertain visiting firemen; amended by making the amount \$1.000, and rejected, two-thirds not voting in the affirmative. By Mr. Arrison—Passalution represents Resolution requesting the Mayor, if not incom-patible with the public interests, to inform the Beard why he has not awarded contracts for which bids have been received; adopted. By Mr. Bates-Bill for grading and paving alley in square 498; referred. By Mr. Hine—Petition of Enzabeth Brown for refunding taxes; petition for lamps, and bill for increasing salary of clerks of markets; referred. Resolution re questing the return of bill for relief of R. A. Bacon, adopted. Mr. Arrison moved that th board reaffirm its action on the resolution in reference to adjournment. Mr. Ball movethat the resolution be rescinded; agreed to. Mr. L. B. S. Miller, from the Ways and Means Committee, reported concurrent reso lution to pay B. Severson for services as Engineer of the Canal; after a lengthy debate the bill was passed. B llauthorizing the Collector to charge a credit, passed. Mr. Taylor intro-duced bill appropriating \$800 for the entertain-ment of non-resident firemen. Mr. Bartlet

moved to make the amount \$800. Mr. Arrison moved \$950. Mr. A's amendment was adopted, and the bill passed. Aldermen's resolution relative to the im provement of the river channel was passed. Resolution requesting that all laws creating a distinction on account of color be repealed, was taken up. Mr. ('hase suggested that the reso-lution did not go far enough, and should be amended by the addition of the words "and in all other cases." He denied that this was all the colored people asked. Mr. L. B. S. Miller thought the resolution was what the colored people wanted, and he was opposed to asking more than the colored people asked. Mc Chase's amendment was lost, and the resolu-

Mr. Taylor, from Improvements Committee reported bills for relief of Cook and O'Dea (to pay a deficiency;) recommitted. To grade A street south, from 6th street east to North Carolina avenue; passed. Adversely on bill appropriating \$5,000 to pay a deficiency for the improvement of K street, from 14th to 20th: recommitted. For footways on west side of 9th street, between I and M streets south; do. east side of same; to open alley in square 1,018; to legalize the Stowe foundation pave nent; Aldermen bill to grade and pave ally in square 500; passed. Council bill for paving D street. with amendment; concurred in.

Bilis from the Aldermen were received as follows:—Council bill in relation to the Harbor

Master and Assistant, with amendment; concurred in. Bill providing for redemption of bonds; passed. Bill for relief of J. J. Calvert: passed. Bills making appropriation to bury deceased out-door poor, and to legalize the Smith and Burlow pavement, with amendments; which were concurred in from the Drainage Committee, reported bill for water main in 4th street east. from Pennsylvania avenue to L street south do. D street south, from 6th to 7th street west do, in L street south and New Jersev avenue: increasing the compensation of the Tapper of

water mains; resolution authorizing the em

ployment of an engineer to examine the First Ward sewers; passed. At 11:30 the Board ad-The Colored School Question and Congress. A meeting of colored citizens was held last night at Union League Hall to consider the recent veto by the President of the bill passed by Congress in relation to colored schools The hall was closely packed with colored people, and a few white men and three white woman, including Mrs. Josephine S. Griffing. At 8 o'clock an organization was effected by the election of Rev. Anthony Bowen as chairman, and Richard Tompkins, secretary. Thomas Martin offered resolutions, "that, as there was a party who called on Andrew Johnson to veto an act of Congress that transferred the duty of the Trustees of Colored Schools to the Trustees of Public Schools without authority of the people of Washington and Georgetown, we deem it an outrage upon our race to ask favors of our enemies, and denounce those who assumthe authority, that we desire the act of Congress, which passed that honorable body to beome a law, and pray that your honorable body will pass it over the veto; and that the chairman appoint a committee of nine to report the action of this meeting to the Senate and the

House of Representatives." Thomas Martin, in offering the resolution; said it was generally understood why the meeting was called. It was to decide whether they would endorse Andrew Johnson or Cougress. After a good deal of discussion, the

resolutions were adopted.

David R. Parker offered resolutions which set forth "that the preamble and resolution adopted at the meeting held at Bethel Church, February 9, 1869, are in direct opposition to the views and interest of the vast majority of the colored people of this city; and that the educational interests of our race demand that our school system shall be committed to the wisdom of the Board of Trustees of Public Schools of this city, thus striking down the distinction bet ween white and colored schools. On these resolutions a protracted discussion ensued, during which the Intelligencer newspaper was denounced by Mr. George Hatton, Charles Peters and others as a rebel shee, which had in its comments upon the school bill at issue villified and outraged the colored prople of the District. All the speakers sustained Congress in its actions as against the veto of President Johnson, and recognized in the veto of Mr. Johnson not so much an effort on his part to do justice to the colored people as a disposition to create discord among the Republicans of Washington. Francis Taverns and Charles Peters sustained the action in part of the Israel Bethel Church meeting, but unqualifieldly expressed themselves in favor of standveto of President Johnson. The former party, in the course of his remarks, declared himself in favor of a full board of colored tratees, and said that he had long since ceased to have any confidence in the white men of the District. Major Morse deemed this position a dangerous one, and an invasion of his rights as a white man He maintained that the tion of Congress was perfectly right, and such as would eventually result in just what me colored people wanted. It was laying the foundation for blotting our anything like disonly be one school system, one school fund, one school board, and the black man's and the white man's child should sit side by side in the same school. This end, he said, was devoutly to be desired, and he did not besitate to express himself as in favor of it. The ball, he said, was the work of Mayor Bowen, whom he was then

tinction between the races, when there would present to defend as truly the colored man's friend. Several persons here interrogated Ma-jor Merse as to the Major's present views upon the colored school system—whether he had re-cauted his position against consolidation laid down in his last message. Major Morse re-plied that he felt authorized to say that Mayor Bowen was now in favor of consol dating the colored and white schools. Much confusion now prevailed in all parts of the house, when Major Morse pulled off his coat, and mounting the platform, proceeded to read the following propositions, which he suid, represented the views of the Mayor, and were endorsed by him during a conversation held with him yesterday afternoon: The proposibeen vetoed, the passage of which Major Morse claimed would, ist, serve to put down the distinction now existing on accounts of color. The trustees will have to visit all schools, white and colored, which will so familiarize the teachers and scholars as to make a feeling of interest on the part of both, and soon the public mind will be prepared to place white and colored children in the same schools. Under the system proposed it is intended to give the colored people at least four trustees in the board, who will be selected for their education and intelligence. 2d. It will place at the schools on the same footing; the children will be entitled to the same privileges. The teachers will be paid the same salaries; will e examined by the same board; have the same text-books, and be governed by the same disci-

pline, which is not now the case, and thereby secure the employment of none but competent teachers. 3. There will be a strict accountability for the disbursements of the moneys used for the colored schools. This is not the case under the present law. 4. There will be no more contention and jealousy about the distribution of funds, which has been most emourances, and disadrassing to the corporate authorities and disadvantageous to the schools themselves. If by the exertions of colored men this bill shall fail to become a law, the weight of the wrong inflicted u on the common rights of mankind will fall upon the very men who are clamoring for

Just received and on sale a full supply of the above Goods, and selt wholesale or retail very during which he was frequently interrupted, concluded, when the resolution was adopted, and the Chair announced the following committee, provided for therein:—Mesers. Thomas martin, George Renfrew, Cornelius Clark, George Winters, Wm. Taliaferro, George W.

Just received and on sale a full supply of the above Goods, and selt wholesale or retail very office and residence from the First Ward to Massachusetts avenue, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets, immediately east of Fourteenth streets, immediately east of Fourteenth streets. Office hours before 10 a.m., and figures.

Dealer in Carpetings, Hattings, Oliciothes, ac., 166-colm [Intel.] Ho. 4 Market Space.

Hatton, John T. Johnson, Palmer Briscoe, and

Charles H. Jones.

Charles H. Jones.

Mr. George T. Downing then took the floor, and proceeded to speak at some length in advocacy of equal privileges at all the schools between the whites and the blacks. He wantsame schools with the white man's children, and to use the same text books; and he could announce as the feeling of many Senators and members of Congress that they did not think it best to pass the present bill over the veto of the President, because the bill does not give us what we want. We want equal school rights, regardless of color, and he believed that Senator Sumner and other warm friends of the colored people in Congress would use their influence to prevent this bill from passing. Thomas Martin here interrupted the speaker to say that from what he knew of Senator Sumner and other members they would favor the passage of the bill. Senator Harlan had told him that he disapproved of the action of any colored man waiting on the President to ask him to veto the bill; and he thought that when the sentiment of this meeting was published, he [Mr. Harlan] would be active in securing the passage of the bill.

The interruption of Mr. Martin had the effect of creating a great deal of confusion, and the disorder finally became so great that the chairman, seeing no way to quell the disturbance or restore order, accepted a motion to adjourn. which, being put to the house, was declared adopted, and a portion of the assembly dis-

ANOTHER MEETING. After the adjournment of the original meeting another meeting was organized, and called to order by Mr. Crane, upon whose motion Mr Smith was elected chairman, and Mr. Henry Johnson was chosen secretary. Mr. Crane stated that his object in calling the meeting was for the purpose of showing that free speech and free discussion should be maintained in this Bistrict. Mrs. Lockwood, lessee of the Hall, stated that the meeting which had engaged the room had adjourned, and no one else had a right to held a meeting there, and the assemblage thereupon dispersed.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' UNION .- The hall of this society was crowded last evening, many having attended expecting to hear Hon. Sidney Perham lecture, but it was announced that cwing to pressing legislative business, he was unable to attend. The resignation of Mr. W. A. Bartlett, Recording Secretary, was accepted and Mr. Al. M. Robinson elected in his stead. The name of Mrs. Dr. Mary Walker, formerly Assistant Surgeon of the 52d Ohio volunteers, was proposed for membership, and referred to the committee with instructions to report a the next meeting.

HABBAS CORPUS CASE .- At three o'clock yesterday afternoon, a habeas corpus case cam-up before Judge Fisher, the petitioner, Benja-min Geldberg, averring that he had been ar-rested on Friday last by Charles A. Legett as a fugitive from justice from Missouri, and by Justice Harper committed to jail to await a requisition from the Governor of that State. Messis. Price and Terry appeared for and Judge Stephens, of Missouri, against the peti tioner. After arguments on both sides, Judge Fisher dismissed the prisoner, there being no proof that he was a fugitive from justice.

I EATH OF A POLICE OFFICER. - Officer Henry A. Garrett, of the sanitary (police) company died last evening at his residence, corner of 7th and Estreets, South Washington, after a long illness. Mr. Garrett had resided in this city for many years, and was well and favorably known throughout the District. He was a member of Lastern Lodge and Columbian En-campment of Odd Fellows. His funeral will take place to morrow at 2 o'clock, and to-day Major Richards officially announced his death to the force, directing a detail of fifty men to attend his funeral.

DEATH OF REV. FATHER HICKEY .- The Baltimore Gazette of this morning says: Rev. John Hickey, well known for many years past in this city, died yesterday afternoon at St. Agnes' Hospital, at the ripe age of seventy-nine years, two months and eleven days. Father Hickey was born in Georgetown, D. C., on the 4th of December, 1709, and some years after his parents removed to Frederick. At the time of his death Father Hickey was the oldest priest in the United States, and throughout his long life had the respect of all who were brought into contact with him.

LAMP EXPLOSION .- About 11 o'clock last nigh', a coal oil lamp exploded in the second-hand store of John T. Matthews, 4% street, between Maryland avenue and C street, setting fire to some clothing, which was extinguished by the proprietor. Loss about \$25.

BURGLARY.-Between eleven o'clock last night and daybreak this morning, the residence of Mr. Samuel Darwin, on L street, near 1st, was burglariously entered and robbed of a lot of family groceries, which had been laid in on the Saturday night previous. A WITNESS ROBBED .- One of the witnesses,

Heary Johnson, summoned here to testify before one of the Congressional committees, discovered a day or two since that he had been robbed of over \$50, which left him without means to return home. LECTURES ON PHYSIOLOGY .- "The Haman

Body, Comparative Organs and Nutrition," is the subject of the lecture of Dr. F. G. Lemercier, at Columbia College lecture room, this evening, illustrated by models.

REV. FATHER WIGET .- A letter from Father Wiget, dated Luzerne, Switzerland, January 6th, says that his health is greatly improved. and that he expects to return to this city in the

THE INDIANA ASSOCIATION holds a Sociable to-morrow night. See advertisement.

SPICER'S BUTTER STORE,
458 9th street, between E and F
3,000 lbs NEW YORK BUTTER, just received
at wholesale and retail. Prices low. fe 15-lm*

PRICE 25 CENTS.

SENT SBALED BY POST.

"MANHOOD."

One Hundred and Fifty fourth Edition of this new medical pamphlet, revised and just published by the author, Dr. Curtis. This valuable work treats on the cause and cure of premature decline and secret diseases of youth and manhood. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to marriage, and the remedies therefor.

ADDRESS THE AUTHOB, No. 5", NORTH CHARLES STREET, BALTIMOBE, MD.

Extracts from Reviews of this Work commencing from the year 1850. MANHOOD, By DR. CURTIS. - In this age of premanhood, By Dr. Curtis.—In this age of pre-tension, when the privileges of the true are con-stantly usurped by the false and fraudulent, it is difficult to afford the sufferer from nervous debili-ty, the unerring means of judgment where to seek relief. The authors of this work have obviated the difficulty. Their experience and reputation in the treatment of these painful diseases are the pa-tient's guaranty, and well deserve for the work its immense circulation.—Era.

CURTIS ON MANHOOD should be in the hands of youth and old age. It is a medical publication, ably written, and developes the treatment of a class of painful maladles, which have too long been the prey of the illiterate and designing.—
United Service Gazette.

Ourris on Manhood.—It developes the fearful shoals on which a large proportion of human hap piness is wrecked, and furnishes a chart by which they may be avoided and escaped. Fortunate for a country would it be did its youth put into practice the philanthropic and scientific maxims here laid down- one cause of matrimonial misery might then be banished from our land, and the race of the enervate be succeeded by a renewal of the hardy, vigorous spirits of the olden time.—Chronicie.

Ourris on Mannoon.—This is really a valuable work; for pointing out the diseases resulting from excesses, the evils of which are manifest in every insame asylum, no less than in the shattered constitution of those indulging. It will do much to prevent the vice which, by its prevalence among the young, has so much influence on the present, as on the future well being of many.—Heraid.

DR. CURTIS's work, entitled Manhood, is one of the few books now before the public on such a subject which can lay claim to the character of be-ing strictly professional, at the same time that it is fully intelligible to all who read it. The moral and medical precepts given in it render it invalu-able.—Magnet.

CURTIS ON MARMOOD.—This is truly a valuable work, and should be in the hands of young and old. The professional reputation of the author, combined with his twenty years' experience as medical referee in the treatment of nervous debility, &c., fully accounts for the immense circulation which this popular and ably-written medical treatise has obtained.—Sunday Times. DR. CURTIS may be consulted upon all cases of

SEMINAL and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, SPER. MATOBRHEA, and all other diseases arising from abuses of the natural functions, at his residence No. 58 NORTH CHARLES STREET, BALTI. MOBE, where all communications should be ad-

Office hours-10 to 4, and 6 to 5 p. m. oc 26-6m BEAUTIFUL WINDOW SHADES.

STAIR AND VESTIBULE BODS. AND FIXTURES FOR BITTO. Just received and on sale a full supply of the above Goods, and sell wholesale or retail very cheap. THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT, YESTER-DAY .- Contracts for the Payment of Gold-It i be extended for that description of money -1 celerick Bronson, executor, vs. Peter Rodes, is an appeal from a judgment of the Court of Appeals of the State of New York, holding that a tender of Treaspry notes for the duty of the Courts to enforce them -Judgmen's ender of Treasury notes for the satisfaction of a mortgage made in 1851, by its terms to be satisfied in gold and silver coin, was sufficient. The tender was made in January, 1835, when a dollar in coin was equal to two dollars and twenty-five cents in legal-tender notes, and the tender being refused, action was commenced to compel the cancellation of the mortgage. The Supreme Court of the State subsequently adjudged the mortgage paid, and required it to be satisfied by record, holding the tender to have been sufficient. The Court of Appeals affirmed that and the offirmed in the formation of the court of the co that judgment, and the affirmance is here for

The Chief Justice delivered the opinion of

the Court, holding that it is the duty of courts

of justice to enforce contracts according to the intent of the parties to them; and in this case it is beld that it is clear that the intent of the parties was that payment should be made in coin. There were two descriptions of money in use at the time the tender in this case was made, both authorized by law, and both made legal tender. The general denomination of both descriptions was dollars, but they were essentially unlike in nature. The coined dol-lar was a piece of gold or silver of a certain degree of purity and weight. The note dollar was a promise to pay a coined dollar, but not on demand or at any fixed time; nor was it convertible into a coined dollar. It was impossible, in the nature of things, that the e two dollars should be the equivalent of each other, ner did the currency act purport to make them so. There were then two descriptions of currency issued by the same government, and contracts to pay either were equally sanctioned by law No question can be made as to the fact. Doubt concerning it can only spring from that confusion of ideas which always attends the introduction of varying and uncertain measares of value into circulation as money. In the absence of any specific control for the pay. ment of coin, legal-tender notes may be a sufficient tender; but it is clear to the court that express contracts for the payment of coined doilars can only be satisfied by the payment of coined dollars. They are not debts which may be satisfied by the tender of Treasury notes. As to the judgments to be entered on contract for the payment of coin, it is said:—The dif-ficulty arises in the supposition that damages can be assessed in only one description of money, but where there are two kinds of currency provided by law, it is necessary in order to avoid ambiguity and prevent a failure of justice to render judgment for comed money. Where the contract provides for payment in coined money, where no specific description of money is made, judgments may be entered generally without such specification; judgment

elow reversed. Mr. Justice Miller dissented, holding that al though it was the intention of the parties that gold should be paid, it was only so because gold was then the currency of the Government. the "lawful money of the United States" mentioned in the contract. There was nothing in the contract to make it differ from any other contract payable in dollars. Where Treasury notes become lawful money of the United States, their tender was sufficient to discharge the contract, and within its terms and within the understanding and intention of the parties This decision in no way affects the legal tender cases argued by Mr. Potter and the Attorney General at the present term of the court, although argued at the time of the argument

CRIMINAL COURT, Judge Fisher .- Yesterday, William Thomas and William Robinson, alias Sport Thomas, indicted for larceny, were convicted. George Umphreys was found guilty of pettit larceny; James Warden and Michael lanbady, indicted for grand larceny, were

This morning, the case of George W. Clementeon, indicted for the murder of - Conrad. in November last, in Georgetown, was set for Monday next. CIRCUIT COURT, Judge Cartter .- To-day the trial of the case of the Richmond and York

River Railroad agt. the National Bank of the Metropolis was resumed. EQUITY COURT, Judge Fisher. - This morning, Helme agt. Helme; order for suspending attachment for contempt. McElfresh agt. McElfresh; order for allowance pendente lite alimony and custody of child. Magee agt.

CITY ITEMS.

Magee; order publication.

THE SPLENDID WEATHER Vesterday attracted crowds of promenaders on Pennsylvania avenue, and one of the centres of interest was the new jewelry store of Mr. Prigg, at No. 436 three doors from Four-and-a-half street. The very best class of citizens patronize this establishment which is every day increasing in popularity. The new oroide jewelry so closely resembling gold, and said to be very durable, is now all the rage, and Mr. Prigg has an eledescription, for ladies, at twenty dollars; gentlemen's bunting cases at twenty, and ladies' and gentlemen's solid link chains at two and four dollars a piece. There has been a great demand for the Etruscan necklace and French enamelled lockets, which are now generally worn instead of the real gold, and which are especially desirable, as the new style of Raphael bodice, cut low in the corsage, requires such ornaments. Mr. Prigg also shown us a new Bohemian salt-cellar with silver medallion heads, to match the new fashioned napain rings. These are only a few articles, however

of the one thousand styles to be seen, at this favorite establishment. CONCERT AND EXHIBITION, by the Seventh-street Presbyterian Sunday School, at the Church. (South Washington,) on Wednesday evening, February 17, at half-past 7 o'clock The exercises will consist of singing by the children; erection of the Monament of Truth. by thirteen scholars; the Universal Greeting. rendered by eighteen young ladies, and other interesting exercises. Tickets 25 cents.

To PARENTS .- In order to make room, I have marked down my whole stock of Boys' and Children's Clothing to about cost, and in many cases below. The assortment is yet more complete than usual at this season, enabling purchasers to make a more satisfactory selection. An inspection of my stock incurs no obligation GRO. C. HENNING,

No. 511 Seventh street. A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.-It gives m pleasure to inform my friends and the public that after a laborious and successful conduct ing of the oyster business, in all its departments for the last 10 years, 1 am enabled to-day to turn over to my successors George W. Harvey and Thomas Holden, the late firm of Harvey & Co., my elegant establishment, corner of lith and Pennsylvania avenue, No. 267. In taking leave of the public, I can recom

mend with great propriety my successors, who were with me in business for a number of years n my former place of business, and whose experience and business capacity I feel assured will enable them to keep up, if not improve the character of the business, giving more at-tention to please the public, than I have been enabled to give it. Having built at grant expense one of the finest oyster establish-ments in the United States, at the Capitol of the Nation, I respectfully solicit that the citizens of Washington, ladies and gentlemen, will give it that patronage which we hope the enterprise merits. Without being invidious to other similar establishments, we daim for this establishment most superior advantages, resulting from location, expenditure, and every conceivable convenience that money and skill has been enabled to procure. To coperate with my successors, I design spending the greater part of my time on my oyster be is on the Chesapeake Bay, in personally superin-tending and selecting the finest varieties of tending and selecting the finest varieties of oysters for the establishment, and every other aid and assistance that I can render my brother and successors shall be given, as I may be excused for having some pride in witnessing the complete success of an enterprise upon which I have given much labor and thought.

Respectfully,

T. M. HARVEY.

In reference to the above card from Mr. T. M. Harvey, we respectfully inform the public, to whom we are under so many obligations for the very generous patronage they have hith-erto bestowed upon us, that we have purchased the above establishment, and have taken charge of it to-day. With the promise of our best energies and personal attention to the business, aided by our corps of former cooks and assistants, we feel confident of giving every satisfaction, with our increased facilities. The ladies' saloon will receive the strictest attention of the proprietors in all respects, desiring to make it a pleasant place of resort for ladies at all times, accompanied or unaccompanied by gentlemen. We solicit a continuance of former favors from our friends and the public at mer favors from our friends and the public at our new location. Very respectfully, G. W. HARVEY,

CORNS, &C.—Dr. White, Surgeon Chiropodist, of twelve years' practical experience in the United States and Canadas, and established at United States and Canadas, and established at the Pennsylvania avenue, between 4% and 6th streets, since 1861, successfully treats Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Club and ingrowing Naila, and other diseases of the feet without pain or inconvenience to the patient. The shoe can be worn with ease immediately after the operation: Refers to the many eminent physicians, surgeons and thousan is of other responsible persons who patronize his establishment. Hours from 8 a.m. to 6 p. m. Owing to press of business at office Dr. White is unable to visit patients at their residences except between 6 and 8 p. m.

THOS. HOLDES.

GEORGETOWN.

Affairs in Georgetown. OAR HTE - CEMETERY .- A meeting of the lot holders of this cemetery was held in New Mar-ket Hall yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of considering matters of interest to the cem-pany. W. W. Corcoran, Esq. called the meet-ing to order, and announced that in compliance with the following letter he had called the

meeting: "WASHINGTON, Jan. 30, 1869. - W. W. Corcoran, Esa.—Dear Sir: We have to request that you will call a meeting of the Oak Hill Cemetery Company at the New Market Hall, on the 15th day of February. 1869, at 5 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of appointing a committee to examine and report upon the books, accounts, and generat management of the affairs of the company." Signed by J. D. Hoover, Chas. M. Matthews, A. Hyde, Edgar Patterson, Richard D. Cutts, and E. Pickrell. Mr. Corcoran stated that he did not desire to say a word, one way or the other, during the

Mr. George W. Beall, on the part of the Board of Managers, offered resolutions, that a committee of five be selected by this meeting. who shall be elected by ballot by the legaliconstituted voters of this company, and the are hereby appointed to investigate the affairs of this company, from its organization to the present time, with full power to call for persons and papers, and to examine into anything affecting the interests of the lot-holders as to the amount of receipts to be accounted for, and how the account habeen made; what dues have been paid and what remain uppaid; how the funds have been invested, and what investments are in hand. what were and is the manner of keeping the accounts and what system of accountability, it any, has been established; what were the sources of income, and what have been the xpenditures, and what change or reform in the management, if any, is needed. Said committe is also empowered to employ the services of a clerk to aid in the discharge of the duties thuimposed. That a committee is hereby instructed to cause a remeasurement of all the lots in the emetery, and the contents of each lot with the lot holders' names, to be marked on the map in ink. That all charges of derenction of duty against the officers of this company, or information regarding its management or mismanage ment, be made to this committee, who shall bave full power to examine thereinto, who shall report to an adjourned meeting; said meeting to be held upon the call of this committee, after the public notice prescribed by the charter

shall have been given.

Mr. Joseph H. Bradley, Sr., moved to amend the resolution by striking out that part urging the appointment of a committee of five. A committee had already been appointed by the Board of Managers who were engaged in making the examination proposed, and had been for some time. Mr. George W. Bealt thought it heat to have an entire change in the hought it best to have an entire change in the committee of Examination, and that the lotnolders should select the committee. Mr. A. R. Shepherd, of the Board of Managers, appealed to Mr. Bradley to withdraw his amendment so as to allow the lot-holders the privilege of choosing the committee. Mr. Bradley declined and renewed his motion Mr. Anthony Hyde here said that as he had learned that he was the chiestrophile member of the committee here. the objectionable member of the committee he arged Mr. Bradley to withdraw his name, Mr. J. T. Mitchell here offered a resolution for the intment of an Examining Committee of ive, when Colonel J. G. Brent moved that the resignation of Mr. Hyde, as a member of the C. Harkness be substituted. Mr. Shepherd said that would be entirely satisfactory to the Managers. The resolutions as amended by Mr. Bradley, with the name of John C. Harkness substituted for that of Anthony Hyde, were then adopted, and the meeting adjourned THE APPROACHING MUNICIPAL ELECTION. The Republicans completed their ticket this morning. Their candidates are: - For Mayor, Dr. Charles H. Cragin; Alderman, (vacancy caused by the resignation of Jenkin Thomas,) Henry D. Cooke; Common Council, Judge Geo. P. Fisher, Supervising Architect of the Treasnry A. B. Mullett, Col. James A. Magruder, Peter Berry, sr., C. S. Ramsburg, W. R. Col-lins, L. I. Clements, John E. Cox, Charles W. Hayden, W. W. Curtis, and A. M. Gangewer This is admitted by all parties to be a strong ticket, and as the opposition have also selected some of their best men for candidates, the fight will no doubt be a hotly contested one. The election will be held next Monday. Riley A Shinn, Esq , who was nominated for the Board of Common Council, declined to serve, as will be seen by his card elsewhere, but the above t cket is complete, it will be seen, another name having been substituted for Mr. Shinn's. The Republicans will hold a meeting at New Market Hall to-morrow night to ratify their nominations.

Georgetown Advertisements. GBANT AND COLFAX REPUBLICAN TICKET, GEORGETOWN, D. C.

DB. CHABLES H. CRAGIN. BENRY D. COOKE. For Common Council: GEORGE P. FISHER, A B. MULLETT, C. B. BAMSBURG, W. W CURTIS. WILLIAM R. COLLINS, JAMES A MAGRUDER, L. L. CLEMENTS.

L. L. CLEMENTS.
PETER BERRY, SR.,
JOHN E COX.
OHAGLES W. HAYDEN,
A. M. GANGEWEB. TO THE VOTERS OF GEORGETOWN CITIZENS' TICK ET.

HENRY M. SWEENEY. BENJAMIN MILLER

FOR Common Council.

ESAU PICKEBELL.

WILLIAM L. DUNLOP,
WILLIAM CLABAUGH,
WILLIAM A HUTCHINS.
FRANCIS WHEATLEY,
JAMES GODPARD,
JOHN C MITCHELL,
JAMES A BEILEY,
FREDERICK W JONES,
WILLIAM MARBURY,
JOSEPH L. 61MMS.

fe 16 5t TO THE CITIZENS OF GEORGETOWN
The use of my name as a candidate for the
Board of Common Council by the Republican Nominating Convention was upauthorized by me. My
business engagements are of such a character as to
engross all my time, and I cannet consent to be
come a candidate for an office, the duties of which
I twould be unable to discharge satisfactorily if
elected thereto. I must, therefore, positively decline to allow the use of my name.

Bespectfully, &c.,
Georgetown, D. C., February 16, 1859.

It

THE PRDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a Copartnership, under the name and style of BURROUGHS & DOUGAL for the purpose of conducting the Commission Business in Flour, Grain, and other Produce, and Dealers in Guano and Fertilizers.

J. B. BURROUGHS.

The business for the past thirteen years conducted by me has been this day assumed by Messrs Surroughs & Dougal. I cordially commend the new firm to my customers and friends

BENJ DARBY,

fe2-lm #5 Water st., Georgetown, D. C.

COKE FOR SALE.—Orders will be received for COKE at the Book and Stationery store of GEO. T. GETTY & CO., No. 108 Bridge street. Georgetown, and Twenty-five (25) Bushels delivered in any part of Georgetown for \$3 jal6-lm U. B. KBAFFT,

FAMILY BREAD BAKERY, Corner Pennsylvania avenue and 18th st., Has constantly on hand fresh Boston Brown, Graham, Bye, and Wheat Bread. Also, Tea Biscuit. Dinner Bolls, Pies, Cakes, and Candy.

N. B.—We use nothing but the best family flour in baking, and our bread is pure and unadulterated. COLUMBIA HOSPITAL FOR WOMED A

Patients desiring to avail themselves of the avantage of this institution can obtain private rooms by applying to the Matron. These protes are furnished with all the comforts of home. The prices range from \$6 to \$12 per week, depending apon the room selected; this includes Board, Nursing, Medicine, Medical, and Surgical attendance. Orders for admission to the GOVERNMENT of FREE BEDS in this Howstal can be obtained of the honorable Secretary of the Interior. Surgeon the honorable Secretary of the Interior, Surgeon General United States Army, and Dr. Horwitz Chief of the Bureau of Madicine and Burgery.

Application for orders of the honorable Secretary of the Interior to be made at the office of Dr. J. is Thompson, 184 I street, between 18th and fligt at A Medical and Burgical Clinic is held at the Herpital every Saturday, at 5 p. m., by Professor J. H. Thompson, for out-door patients, who are free nished medical attendance free of charge.

MEDICAL STAFF:

J. H. THOMPSON, M. D., Surgeon-in-Chief F. A. ASHFORF, M. D., Assistant Surgeon

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subcriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court
of Washington County, in the District of Columbia, letters testamentary on the personal cutate of JOHN FOLLER, late of Washington
city, D. C., deceased. All persons having claims
against the said deceased are hereby warned
to exhibit the same, with the voucners thereof,
to the subscriber, on or before the rad day of
January next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said essate. Given
under my hand this 23d day of January, 1869,
ja 27-law 3w MARY FOLLER, Executrix. TAMES H. CHEZUM & CO.,

PURE OLD RYE WHISKEYS, BRANDIES WINED, GIN. &c., 86 La. svenue, bet. 9th and 10th sta., South Side. Y Of can set chees STOCKING YARN at STORE 200 7th street, between L and M. INSURANCE.

LEWIS JOHNSON & CO., BANKARS.

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. CORNER 10TH STREET. DEALERS IN DOMESTIC AND POREIGN EXCHANGE. Government and Corporation Bonds bought and All other Marketable Securities sold or bought

W. S. OLMSTRAD CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSUR-

ANCE COMPANY HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets over TWENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS. GEORGE F. MARBLE, Agent, Federal Bieck, Boom 9,

Corner 7th and F streets THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Opposite Post Office Department,

Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868.

OFFICERS: C. H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President, JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Excenting HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice Presi-BMERSON W. PEET, Philadelphia, Secretary and Actuary.

B.S. TURNER. Washington, Assistant Secretary
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M. D., Medical Director.

MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD: J. E. BARNES, Surgeon General United States Army, Washington.
P. J. HORWITZ, Ohief Medical Departmen United States Navy, Washington.
D. W. BLISS, M. D., Washington.

The advantages offered by this Company are:
It is a National Company, chartered by special act of Congress, 1868.
A paid up capital of \$1,000,000.
It offers low rates of premium.
It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money.
It is definite and certain in its terms.
It is a home company in every locality.
Its policies are exempt from attachment.
There are no unnecessary restrictions in the pol-

Every policy is non-torfeltable.

Policies may be taken which pay to the insured their full amount and return all the premiums, so that the insurance costs only the decrease on the annual payments.

Policies will be issued that will pay to the insured during life an annual income of one-tenth the amount named in the policy.

No extra rate is charged for risks upon the lives of females

of females

It insures not to secure dividends, but at so low a cost that dividends will be impossible.

A LOCAL AGENT IS WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY, and applications from competent parties for such agencies, with anitable endorsements, should be addressed to the Company's General Agents only in their respective districts

Oirculars, Pumphlets, and full particulars given on application at the Office of the Company for this city.

GENERAL AGENCY MARYLAND, DELAWARE, VIRGINIA, WEST VIRGINIA, AND DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. AT THE OFFICE OF JAY COOKE & CO., PIPTEENTH STREET. OPPOSITE TREASURY DEPAR TMENT.

GREAT DISCOVERY.

WASHINGTON D. C.

De 29-17

BBAPER'S

MOST WONDERFUL MEDICAL DISCOVERY SINCE THE CREATION OF MAN.

PURELY VEGETABLE.

BUNIONS! BUNIONS!! BUNIONS!!! CHILLBLANES: SORE FEET:

Persons thus afflicted can have speedy and per-fect cure warranted or money refunded.

TESTIMONIALS. This is to certify that I had two Bunions for three years' standing; also Chilblains on both feet for the last ten years. Had no peace day or night. Have tried various remedies, but received no relief until I commenced using Draper's Wonderful Medical Discovery. I obtained one half ounce bottle, which has effected a perfect cure.

WM. L. SEWARD, U. S. Patent Office Sworn to and subscribed before me this 27th day

of January, 1869.

EDW. P. BROWN, Notary Public. Washington, D. C. Bunion of two years' standing; has been for a good deal of the time so painful and badly swellen as to unable me to wear a shoe; have tried many said to be remedies, but have had no relief until I commenced using DRAPES'S WONDERFUL MEDICAL DISCOVERY, of which I obtained one half-ounce bottle, and now have no pain; can wear my boots wholly without any inconvenience, and have one fourth of the bottle left. Residence No. 39-7th street, between S and T streets.

one fourth of the bottle letter.

7th street, between 8 and T streets.

B. H. GODDARD. Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for Washington County, D. C., this 15th of January, 1869. WM. MABTIN, J. P.

This is to certify that I have been troubled for one year with Swollen Limbs, Legs and Feet; so much so that they were nearly twice their natural size, which the dector called dropsy. I have been unable scarcely to move about or do anything since last March, until commencing to use BRA-PER'S WONDEREUL MEDICAL DISCOVERY; am now using the fourth half ounce bottle, and my limbs are reduced nearly to their natural size, and until now I could not walk half a block without sitting down. I now can continue to walk and feel like a new man. I am sixty-eight years of age; can be seen at market, foot of 8th street; did expect to go to the poor house; instead, I now hope soon to be able to go to work.

REUBEN [bis X mark] DODD.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for Washington County, B. C. this 14th day of January, 1869. WM. MARTIN, J. P.

This is to certify that I have had an exceedingly painful Busion. I take pleasure in stating the one-half ounce bottle of DEAPEES WONDERFUL BEDICAL DISCOVERY has effected a per No. 127 18th st., between H and I streets Subscribed and sworn to before me a Justi ce of the Peace, in and for Washington county, D. C., this 14th day of January, 1889. WM. MARTIN, J. P.

Price-ORE DOLLAR Per Bottle; 6 Bottlee Sent to all parts by express, on receipt of money.

H. S. DBAPER, Office No. 1 Washington Building. corner Pa. avenue and 7th st., 2d floor,

from 9 a. m. to3 p. m. Beard at the Kirkwood House. M. B.—I am ready to enter into contract with good and responsible persons, myself making the application to cure Buniens, Chillblains, and is 16-1m

On the petition of CLEMENT RUBBELL, of Massillon, Stark sounty, Ohio, praying for the extension of a patout granted him on the let day of May, 1865, released May 15th, 1862, for an improvement in Bouble-geared Horse Powers.

It is ordered that the said petition be heard at this office the on 12th day of April next. Any persomay oppose this extension. Objections, depositions and other papers should be filed in this office twenty days before the day of hearing.

BLIBHA FOOTE,

Ja 27-laway Commissioner of Paients,